



Investor Presentation

August 2026

www.btcs.com

Safe Harbor

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

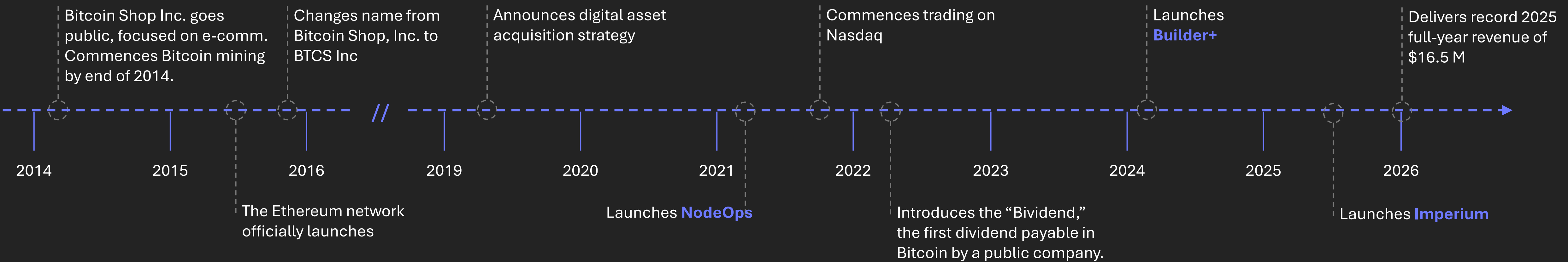
Certain statements in this presentation constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including statements regarding: growth, long-term value creation, expected results from Imperium and DeFi operations, margin expansion, profitability expectations, and the Company’s 2026 gross profit target; the Company’s position to capitalize on Ethereum growth, integration of DeFi and TradFi mechanisms, scalability of its business model, and market opportunities in staking, block building, and DeFi; beliefs regarding the Company’s market position, competitive differentiation, and ability to benefit from digital asset market recovery; management’s beliefs regarding continued investment in scale, partnerships, and capital deployment; and the potential effects of pending legislation, including the CLARITY Act, and regulatory developments affecting institutional adoption.

Words such as “may,” “will,” “should,” “believe,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “project,” “intend,” or similar expressions are forward-looking statements. While the Company believes these statements are reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on them, as they are based on information available as of the date of this presentation. These statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties, many beyond the Company’s control, including: volatility and concentration risk in digital asset markets, including ETH price fluctuations; regulatory developments affecting digital assets and blockchain technology, including pending legislation; competition in block-building, staking, and DeFi markets; operational and technological risks associated with Builder+, Imperium, and NodeOps, including smart contract vulnerabilities, DeFi protocol risks, cybersecurity risks, and potential loss of digital assets; risks related to the Ethereum network, including transaction volume fluctuations and protocol changes; general economic and market conditions; and other risks set forth in the Company’s filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, filed on March 26, 2026.

The Company disclaims any obligation to update forward-looking statements, except as required by applicable securities laws.

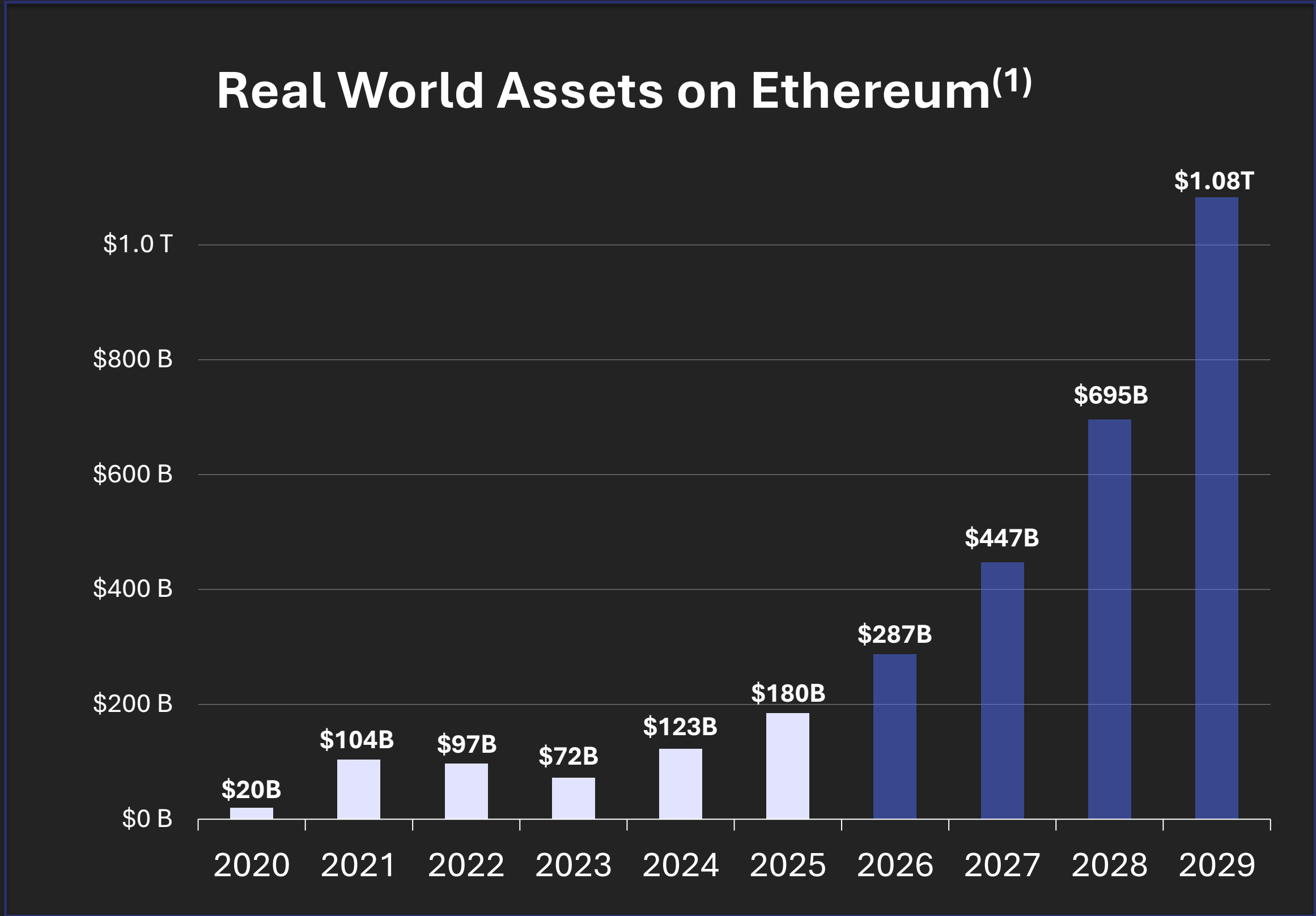
Blockchain Technology Consensus Solutions

BTCS is a publicly traded Ethereum-focused blockchain technology company that generates revenue from its three distinct business lines, NodeOps, Builder+, and Imperium. The Company’s approach emphasizes disciplined execution, growth, and the efficient deployment of ETH and assets across its operations to drive sustainable growth and long-term shareholder value.



Ethereum Adoption

Ethereum is the **world’s leading** smart contract blockchain that powers the tokenization of real-world assets. Ethereum is used by the **largest institutions** in the world to build stablecoins, tokenize equities, and transform the new digital economy.



1. Total real-world assets on Ethereum as of each year-end according to <https://app.rwa.xyz/networks/ethereum>. Years 2026-2028 are estimated based on a 56% compound annual growth rate. Includes: Stabelcoins, U.S Treasury Debt, Commodities, private credit, Institutional Alternative Funds, non-US Government Debt, Public Equity, Corporate Bonds, and Actively-Managed Strategies

Crypto Regulatory Update

Regulatory clarity may support institutional participation

Market Structure Legislation in Progress:

- The CLARITY Act aims to define regulatory jurisdiction between the SEC and CFTC for digital assets
- Seeks to distinguish securities from digital commodities
- Would establish clearer disclosure and compliance standards for crypto markets
- Senate review ongoing, with key provisions under active negotiation

Stablecoin and DeFi Oversight Developing:

- Proposed frameworks include reserve, transparency, and registration standards for stablecoin issuers
- Ongoing debate around stablecoin yield, with potential restrictions on passive rewards
- Emerging distinction between passive yield and activity-based DeFi participation

Current Status:

- House-passed, but the Senate adjourned for its August recess without a floor vote
- Cloture filed August 8 tees up an initial Senate vote after the chamber returns September 14
- Ethics provisions remain the key sticking point; 2026 passage uncertain amid the midterm calendar

Implications for BTCS:

- Clearer rules may support broader institutional participation in staking and DeFi
- Shift toward activity-based models aligns with BTCS’s focus on active capital deployment
- Increased regulatory clarity may reduce structural risk across NodeOps, Builder+, and Imperium



Rep. Mike Flood

@USRepMikeFlood · Jul 17, 2025

The **CLARITY Act** signals a new era of innovation in America.

From advancing Web3.0 to providing clear rules of the road for the digital asset market, this bipartisan bill ensures the U.S. remains at the forefront of [#Fintech](#).

More from today’s debate on the House Floor 🗣️



REP. MIKE FLOOD

(R) Nebraska

42

165

704

30K



Bitcoin Magazine

U.S. Treasury: U.S. Needs To Pass Clarity Act To Clear Path For Bitcoin And Crypto Markets

Treasury Secretary Scott Bessent recently pressed lawmakers to act on stalled crypto legislation, saying the United States must secure clear...





CoinDesk

Key Senate Democrat wants U.S. crypto bill to move, and SEC chief reveals danger of defeat

Senator Mark Warner, a leading Democratic negotiator on the market structure bill, said he wants it to pass, and SEC chief Paul Atkins said...





Stuart Alderoty

@s_alderoty · Follow

Productive session at the White House today - compromise is in the air. Clear, bipartisan momentum remains behind sensible crypto market structure legislation. We should move now - while the window is still open - and deliver a real win for consumers and America.

6:45 PM · Feb 10, 2026

7.6K

Reply

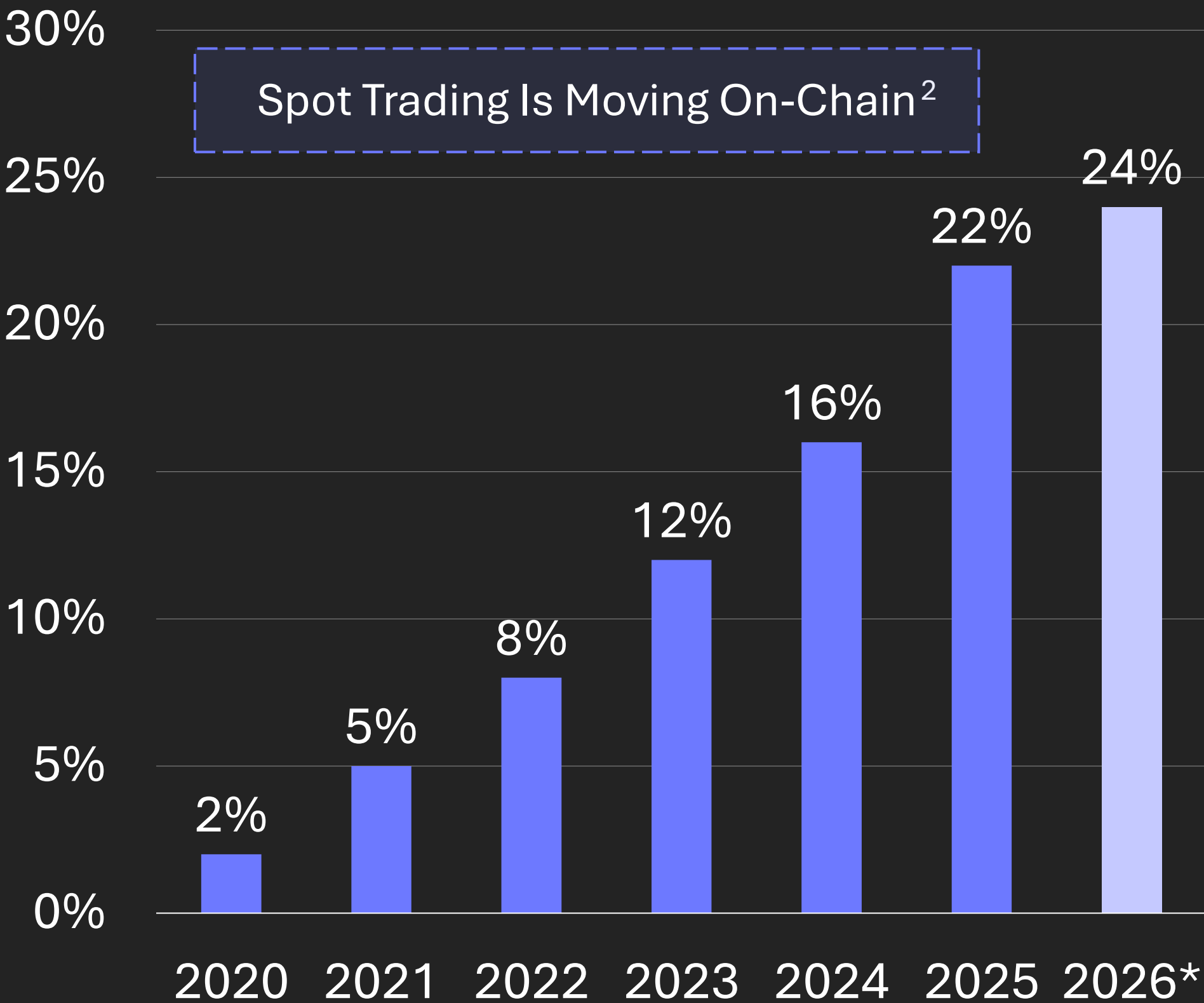
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The Ethereum and DeFi Economy

Imperium Operates in a Rapidly Expanding On-Chain Financial System

- \$79B of capital is locked in DeFi protocols, forming a deep liquidity base for lending, staking, and liquidity provisioning¹.
- Stablecoin transaction volume exceeds \$15T annually, providing the primary liquidity rail for DeFi lending and yield strategies³.
- Leading DeFi protocols generate billions in estimated annualized revenue, demonstrating real economic activity⁴.
- Imperium deploys capital directly into these revenue-generating protocols, positioning BTCS to capture high-margin, utilization-driven income.



1. Total Value Locked across all blockchains according to <https://defillama.com/> as of August 6, 2026

2. DEX share of global trading volumes: CoinLaw — <https://coinlaw.io/decentralized-exchange-vs-centralized-exchange-statistics>; *2026 is a partial period — YTD through July 31, 2026, per The Block

3. Stablecoin transaction volumes and usage insights: AirdropBee stablecoin statistics — <https://airdropbee.com/stablecoin-statistics-transaction-volume>

4. CoinTelegraph Q2 2025 DEX vs CEX volume analysis — <https://cointelegraph.com/news/dex-volumes-hit-record-q2-2025-pancakeswap-hyperliquid-lead>

Estimated annualized fees inferred from reported trading volumes and typical DEX fee structures

Public Markets – Blockchain Exposure

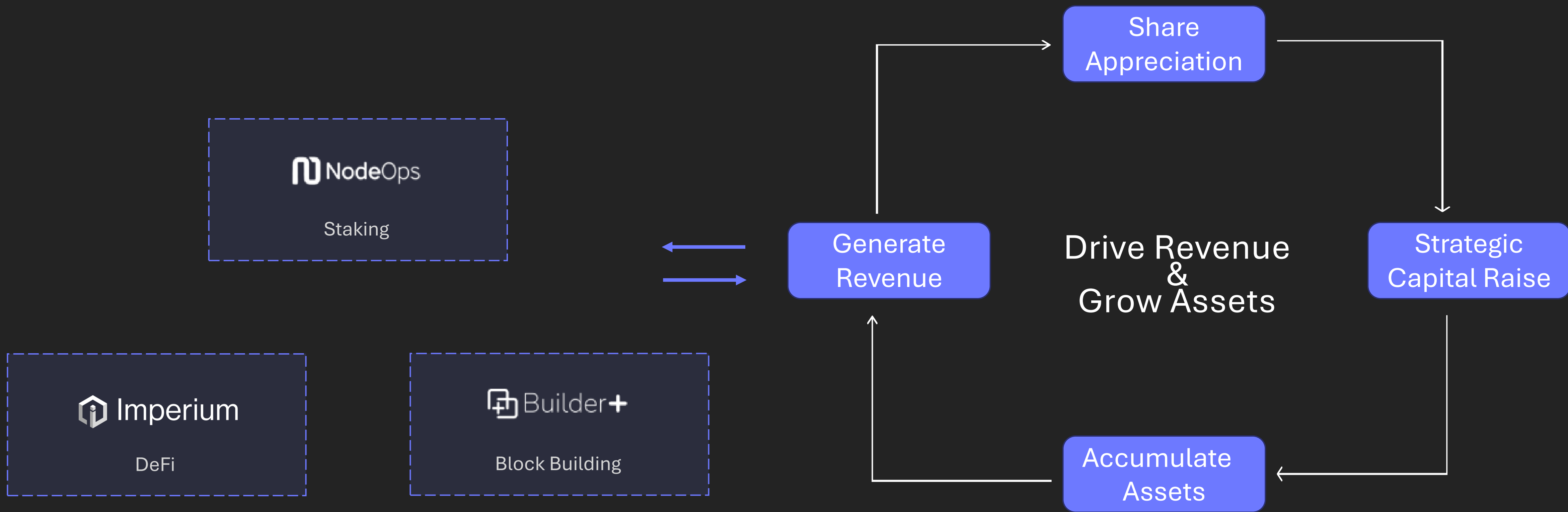
Investors have multiple avenues to gain exposure to digital assets, but not all exposure is equal:

	Exchange Traded Fund	Digital Asset Treasury	 BTCS
ETH 1:1			
Yield			
Integrated Operations			
DeFi / TradFi Capital Formation			
Participation in DeFi Economy			

BTCS is a publicly traded Ethereum infrastructure company focused on operating validators, block-building, and DeFi infrastructure to generate scalable, high-margin revenue.

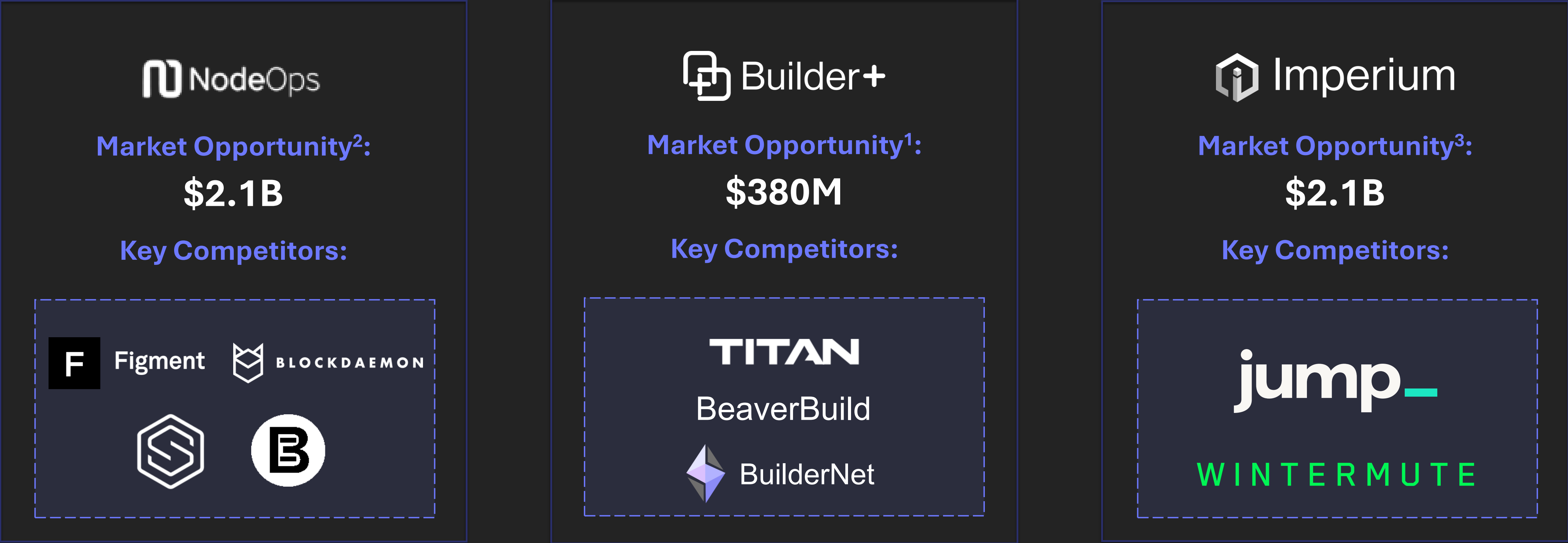
DeFi/TradFi Accretion Flywheel

The DeFi/TradFi Accretion Flywheel is a capital strategy that BTCS uses to efficiently raise capital, accumulate assets, and generate scalable revenue.



Multibillion-Dollar Ethereum Markets

BTCS’s NodeOps, Builder+, and Imperium business lines operate in complementary, multibillion-dollar segments of the Ethereum ecosystem, spanning staking, transaction fee capture, and decentralized finance, each tapping into substantial institutional and on-chain activity.



1. Estimated total priority fees and MevBoost tips for 2025 sourced from <https://blockworks.com/analytics/ethereum/ethereum-financials>

2. Total value of ETH staked sourced from https://beaconcha.in/charts/staked_eth as of August 4, 2026, multiplied by a 2.61% staking yield sourced from <https://www.stakingrewards.com/asset/ethereum-2-0> as of June 11, 2026, using a \$1,900 ETH price.

3. Estimated total DeFi protocol fees in the last 30 days annualized from Aave, Uniswap, Morpho, Maple, and Curve Finance as of August 6, 2026, sourced from <https://defillama.com/protocols>

Three Pillars of Revenue Generation

BTCS is positioned to generate scalable, high-margin revenue through its integrated on-chain operations across validators, block building, and DeFi markets.



Staking Through Solo and Rocket Pool Nodes

- ETH is “staked” to operate Ethereum validator nodes.
- Validators verify transactions, propose blocks, and earn rewards.
- BTCS generates staking revenue from consensus layer rewards and transaction fees.



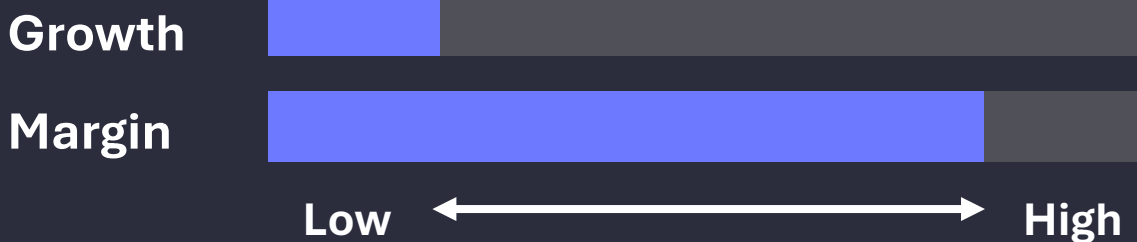
Build Blocks for Validators

- BTCS participates in the block-building value chain
- Operating proprietary builders that optimize and submit blocks to validators.
- BTCS grows builder revenue through tech improvements, order flow, and blockspace control.



Participate in On-Chain DeFi Markets

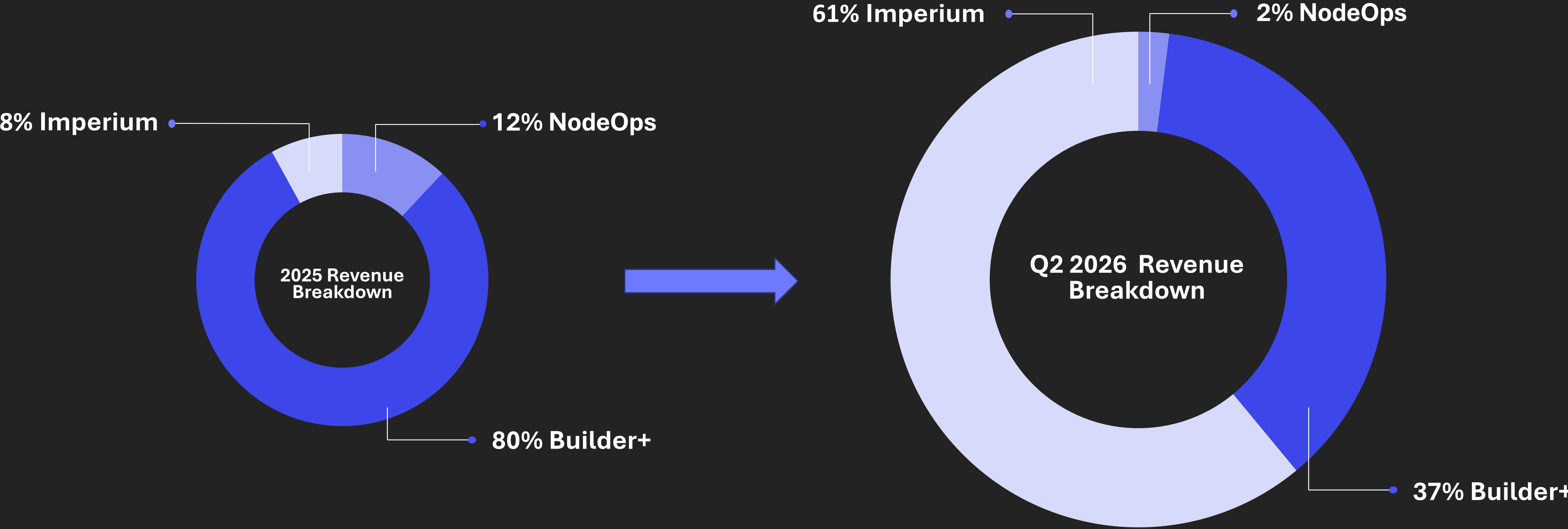
- BTCS participates in DeFi protocols that support lending, borrowing, and other on-chain financial activities.
- These activities generate high-margin on-chain revenue.



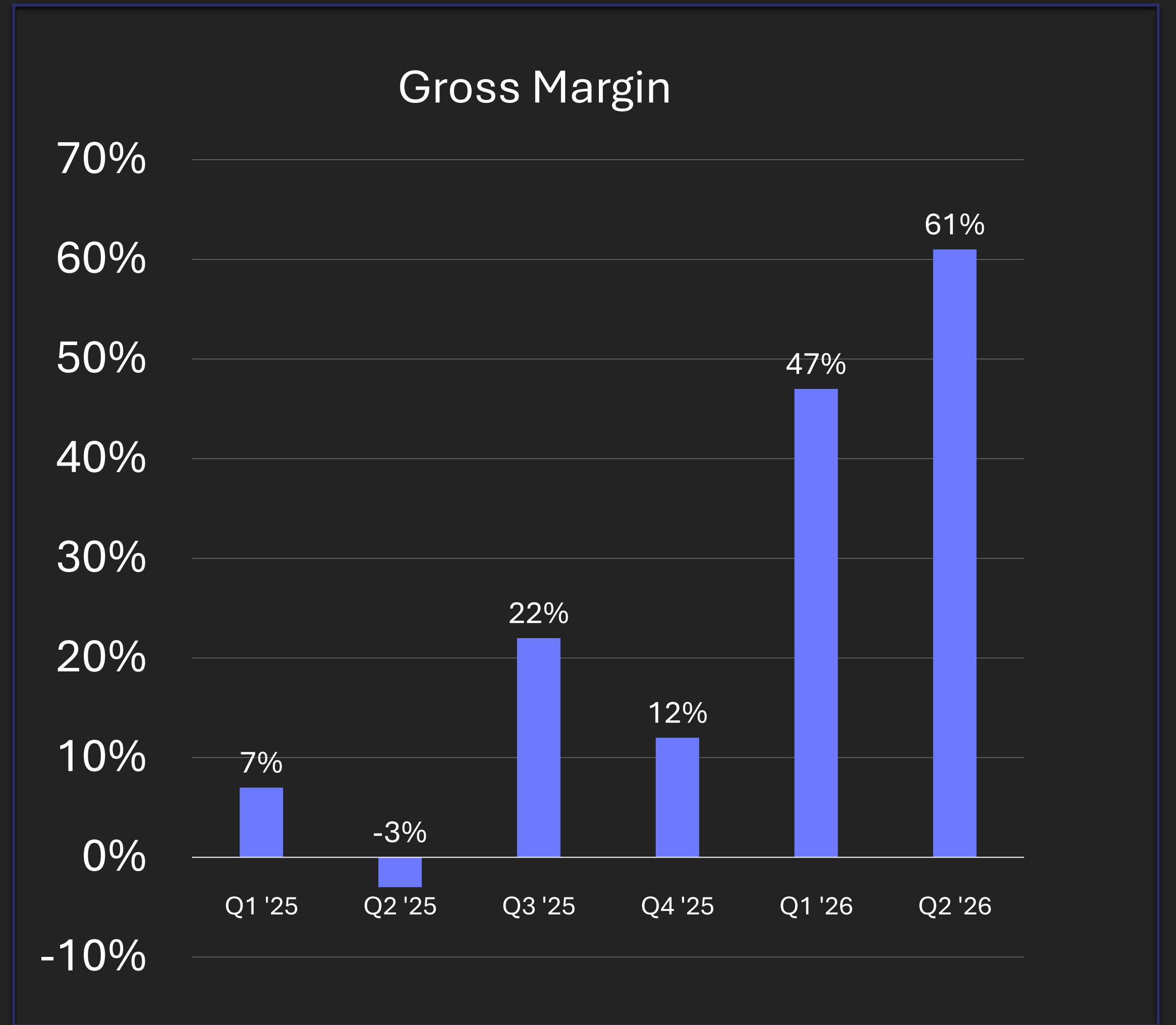
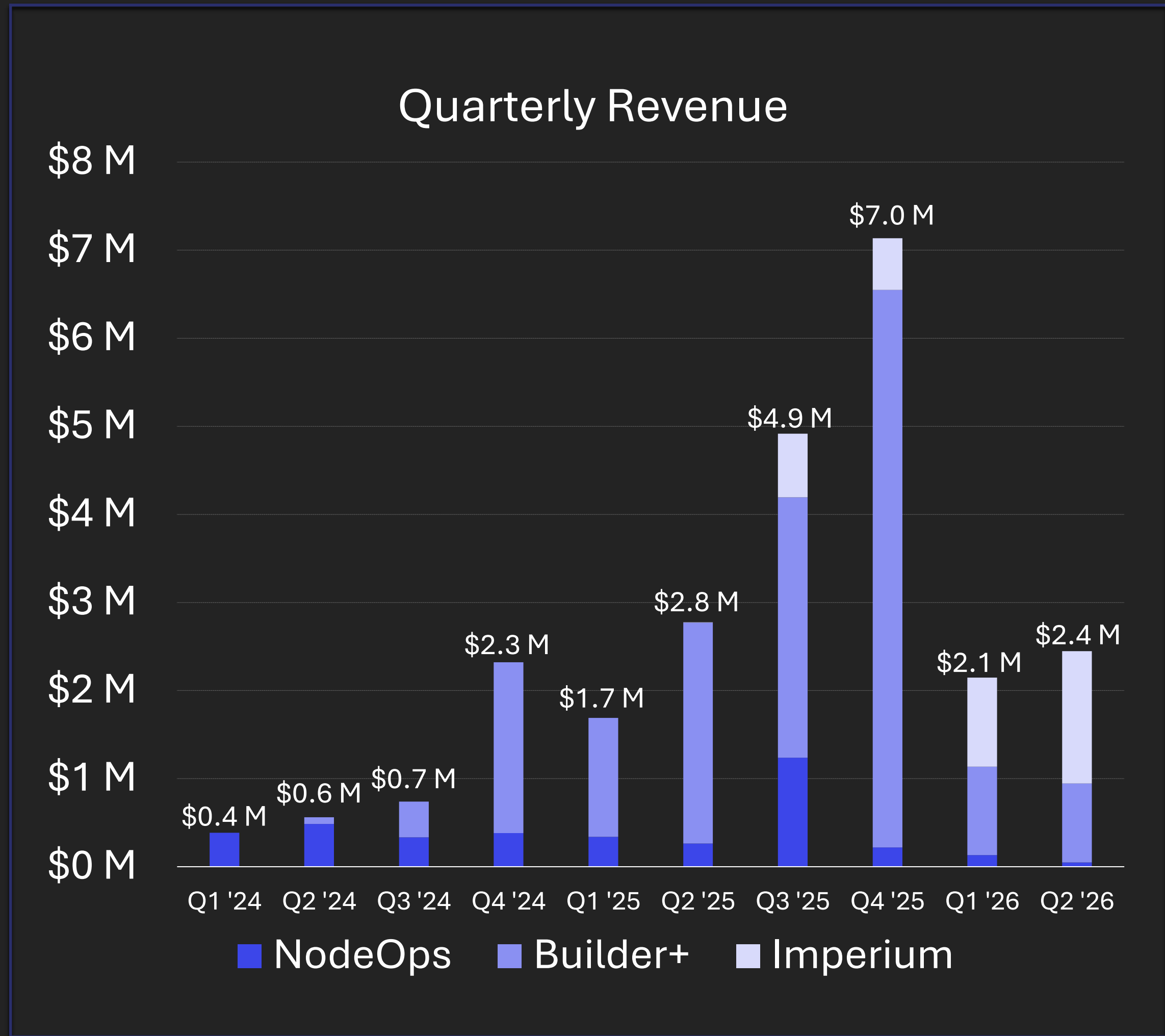
Growth and margin charts are for illustrative purposes and are not to scale

Revenue Breakdown

BTCS's revenue mix has shifted meaningfully in the first half of 2026 toward Imperium, its high-margin, high-growth DeFi segment. Imperium has emerged as a core growth driver, accounting for 61% of Q2 2026 revenue, and will remain a strategic priority throughout the year.



Revenue and Gross Margin



First Half 2026 Financial Highlights

Income Statement	H1 2025	H1 2026	% Change
Revenues	\$4.5 m	\$4.6 m	3%
Cost of Revenues	(\$4.4 m)	(\$2.1 m)	-53%
Gross Profit	\$0.0 m	\$2.5 m	5,746%
Gross Margin	1%	55%	5,582%
Operating Expenses	(\$3.4 m)	(\$6.7 m)	-98%
Gain (Losses) on Digital Assets ⁽¹⁾	(\$9.9 m)	(\$96.7m)	-877%
Other Income (Expenses) ⁽²⁾	(\$0.2 m)	(\$3.1 m)	-1,843%
Net Income (Loss)	(\$13.4 m)	(\$104.1 m)	-677%
Balance Sheet			
Total Assets	\$40.8 m	\$89.3 m	119%
Total Liabilities ⁽³⁾	\$9.7 m	\$50.4 m	418%

(1) Includes realized and unrealized gains and losses on digital assets, realized losses on digital asset transactions, and Impairment loss on intangible digital assets.

(2) Includes interest expense and change in fair value of warrant liabilities.

(3) As of June 30, 2026, total liabilities include \$4.0 m in Aave DeFi borrowings and \$4.8 m of outstanding Convertible Notes.

(4) As of June 30, 2026, total liabilities include \$36.0 m of Aave DeFi borrowings and \$17.9 m of outstanding Convertible Notes, net of unamortized debt discounts of \$4.3 m.

Capitalization Table⁽¹⁾

Equity Instrument	Fully Diluted Common Shares
Common Stock ⁽²⁾	47,336,369
Restricted Common Stock (Not Vested) ⁽²⁾	5,135,572
Restricted Stock Units Issued (Not Vested)	615,535
Convertible Debt (weighted average conversion price of \$8.47)	2,107,757
Options to Purchase Common Stock (weighted average exercise price of \$2.66)	2,615,195
Warrants to Purchase Common Stock (weighted average exercise price of \$6.02)	1,411,566
Total	50,221,994
Series V Preferred Stock ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	15,671,405

Common Stock Insider Ownership Breakdown

Public Holders	80%
Insider Holders ⁽³⁾	20%

(1) As of August 17, 2026

(2) The Common Stock outstanding was 52.5 million (inclusive of unvested restricted stock) as of August 17, 2026.

(3) Includes 278,375 restricted shares of Series V Preferred Stock held by Insiders that remain subject to forfeiture based on vesting conditions that include Market Cap thresholds and time-based vesting.

(4) Shareholders have authorized the board to convert the Series V to common stock on a 1:1 basis. However, as part of the July 21, 2025, convertible note financing terms, the Company agreed that, while the notes remain outstanding, it will not amend its non-convertible Series V Preferred Shares to allow for conversion into common stock prior to January 21, 2027.

Leadership Team & Board

Executive Team:



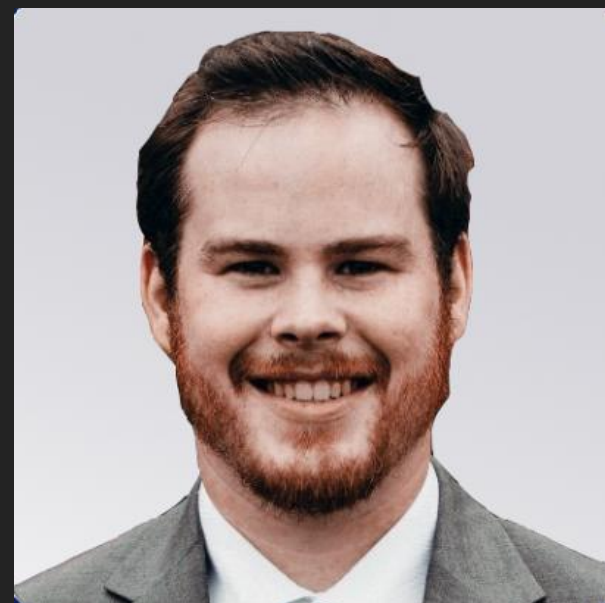
Charles Allen

Chief Executive Officer &
Chairman of the Board



Michael Prevoznik

Chief Financial Officer



Benjamin Hunter

Chief Technology Officer



Eldari Gogiashvili

Ethereum Team Lead

Board of Directors:



Ashley DeSimone

Director



Charlie Lee

Director



Chris Janis

Director

For full biographies of our
Leadership Team and Board
of Directors, visit our website
at www.btcs.com.

Key Takeaways

- ✓

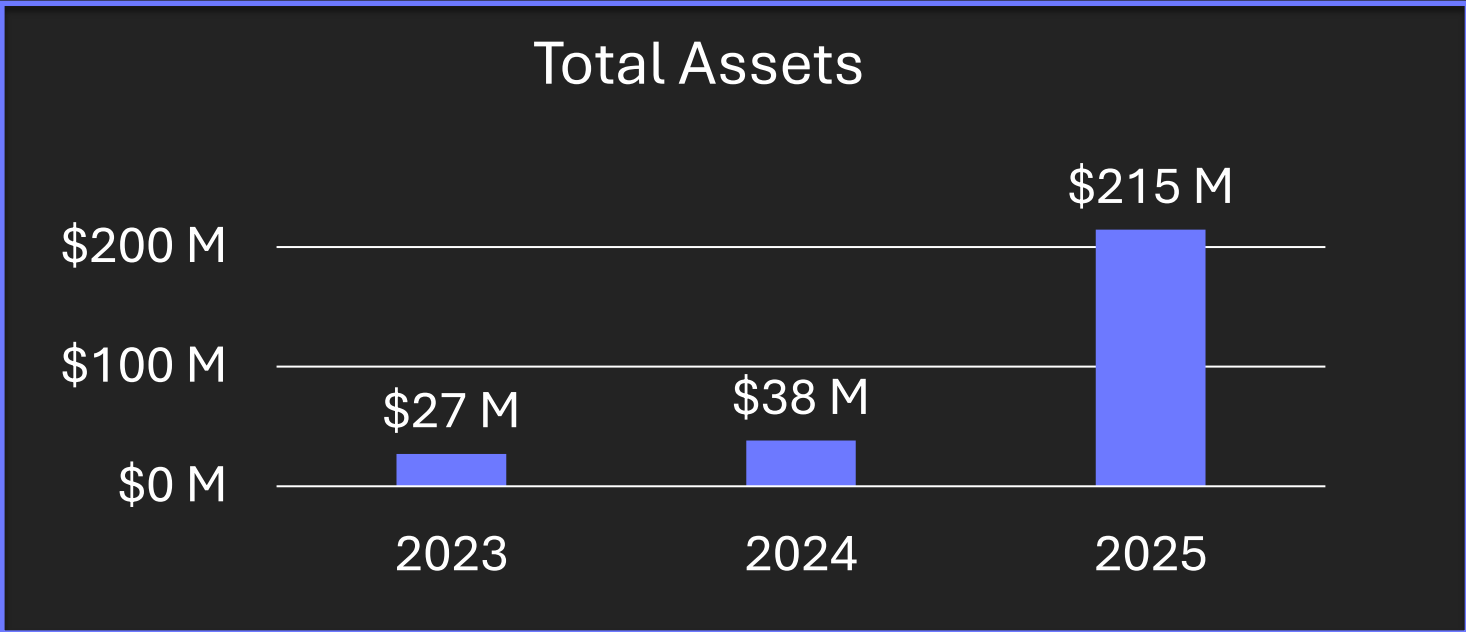
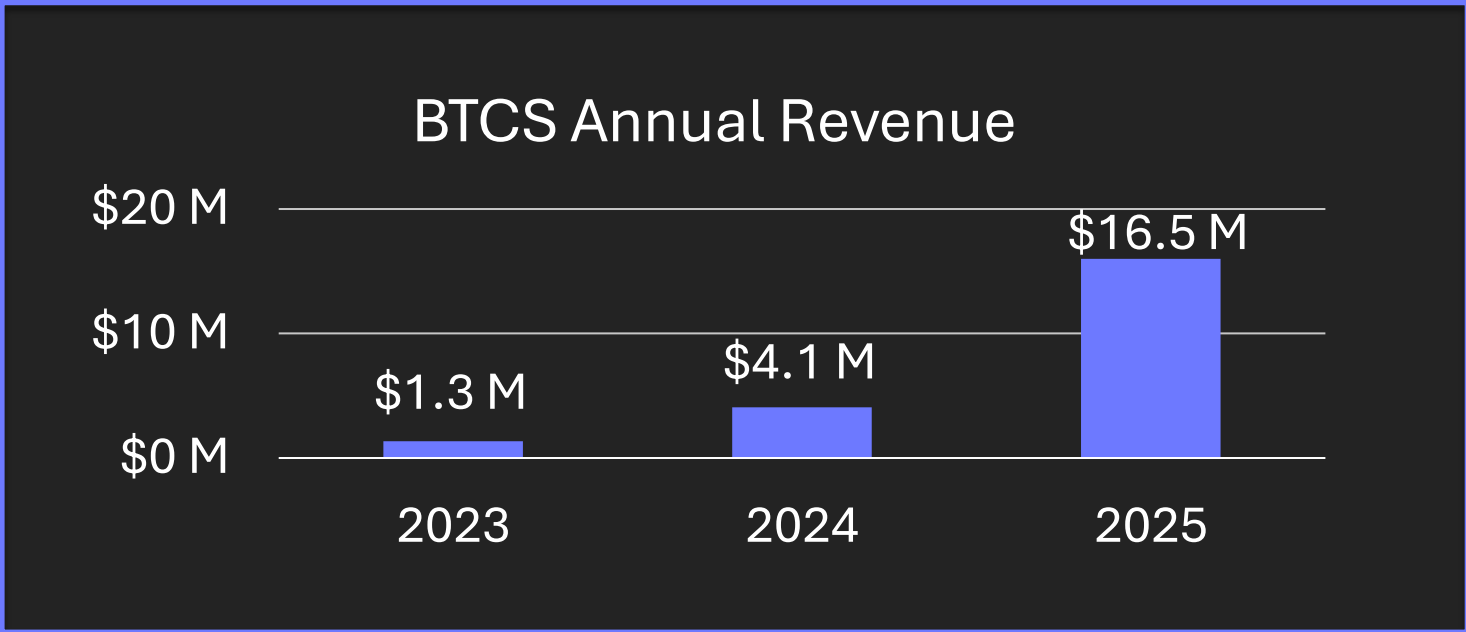
 Growing revenue, scaling operations, and improving margin
- ✓

 Financial flexibility to raise accretive capital
- ✓

 Most seasoned public crypto company with experienced leadership
- ✓

 Potential Regulatory tailwinds may support Ethereum, stablecoins, and DeFi
- ✓

 New entrants bring more attention and understanding to the space



Appendix

Investors



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www.btcs.com/research-thought-leadership/

Social Media Channels



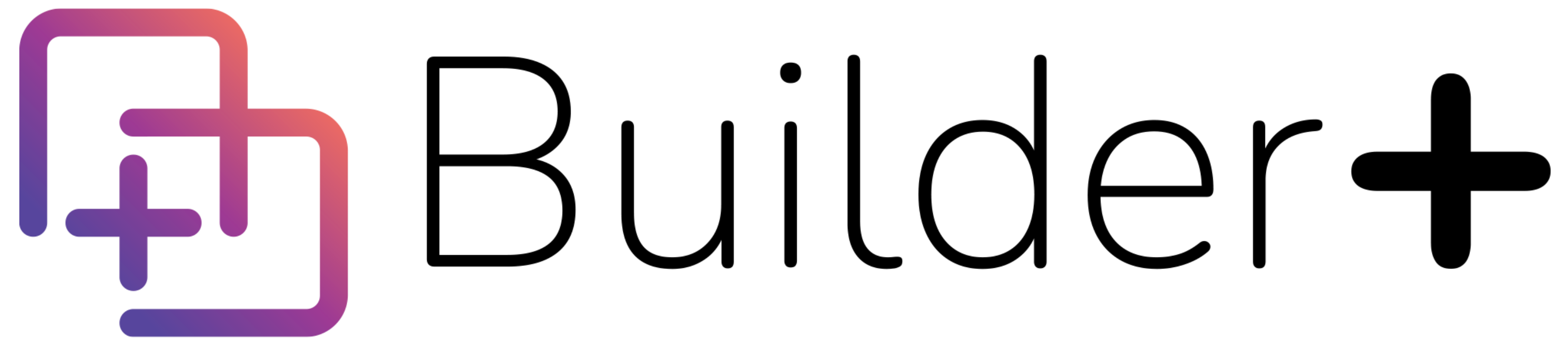
www.twitter.com/NasdaqBTCS



www.linkedin.com/company/nasdaq-btcs



www.youtube.com/c/BTCSInc



www.btcs.com/builder

Basics of Transaction Flow on Ethereum

Mempool:

When a user initiates a transaction, it goes to the mempool, a temporary storage for pending transactions awaiting confirmation and inclusion in a block. Transactions in the mempool are publicly accessible and have associated fees that users pay to prioritize their inclusion on the blockchain.

Searcher:

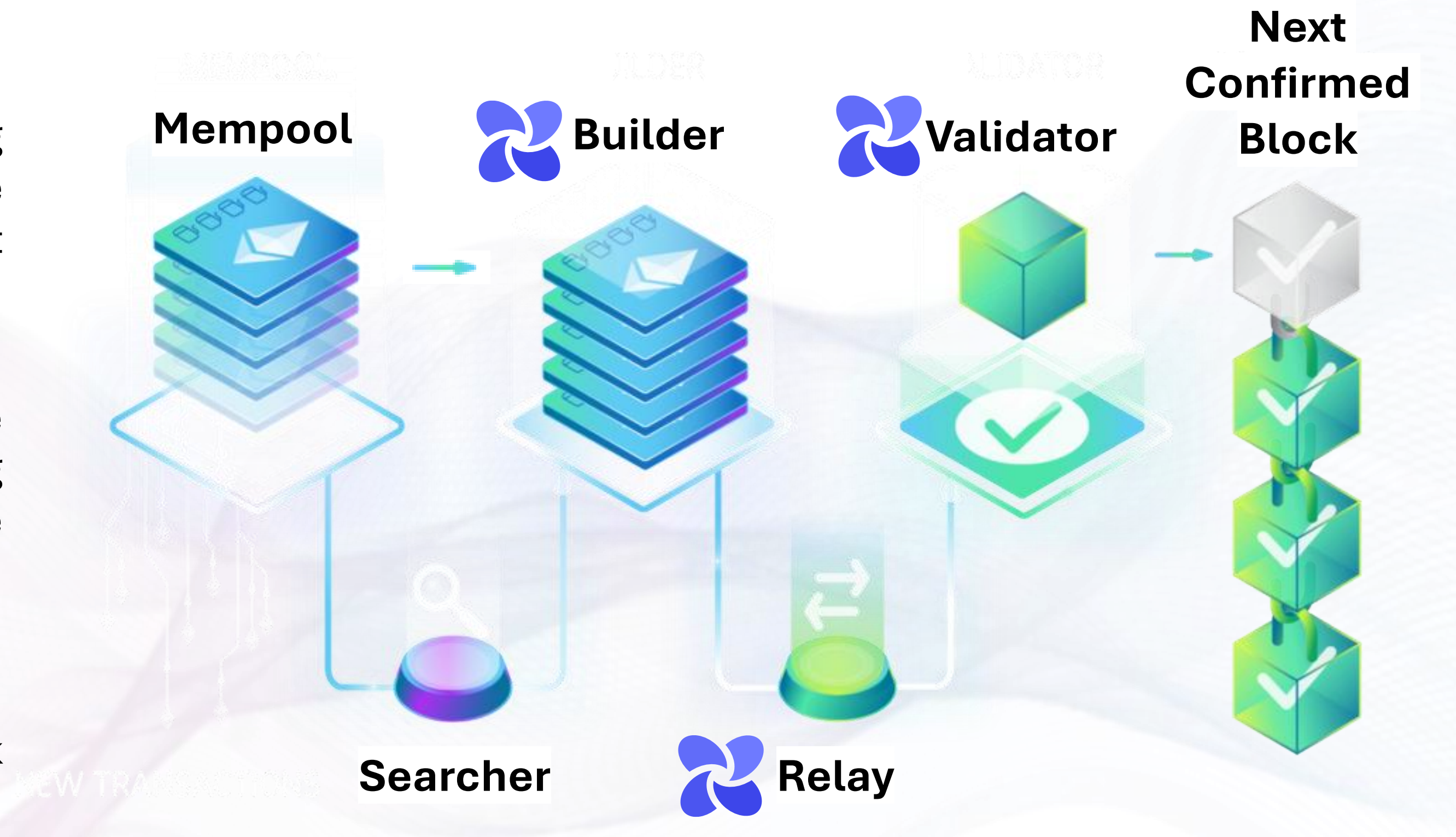
Searchers monitor the public mempool for arbitrage opportunities, aiming to profit by bundling and reordering transactions. They inform builders of preferred bundles for the next block but don't construct blocks themselves.

Builder:

Builders construct blocks by rearranging transactions and bundles of transactions to maximize fees, then submit the block to validators. Their profit comes from the difference between total transaction fees and the fee paid to a validator.

Relay:

Relays enhance Ethereum's transaction process by securely facilitating communication between builders and validators, keeping block contents hidden from validators until signed.



Validator:

Validators propose blocks, choosing the one with the highest builder fee from submissions via relays. They sign and broadcast the selected block, which becomes part of the blockchain once confirmed by other validators.

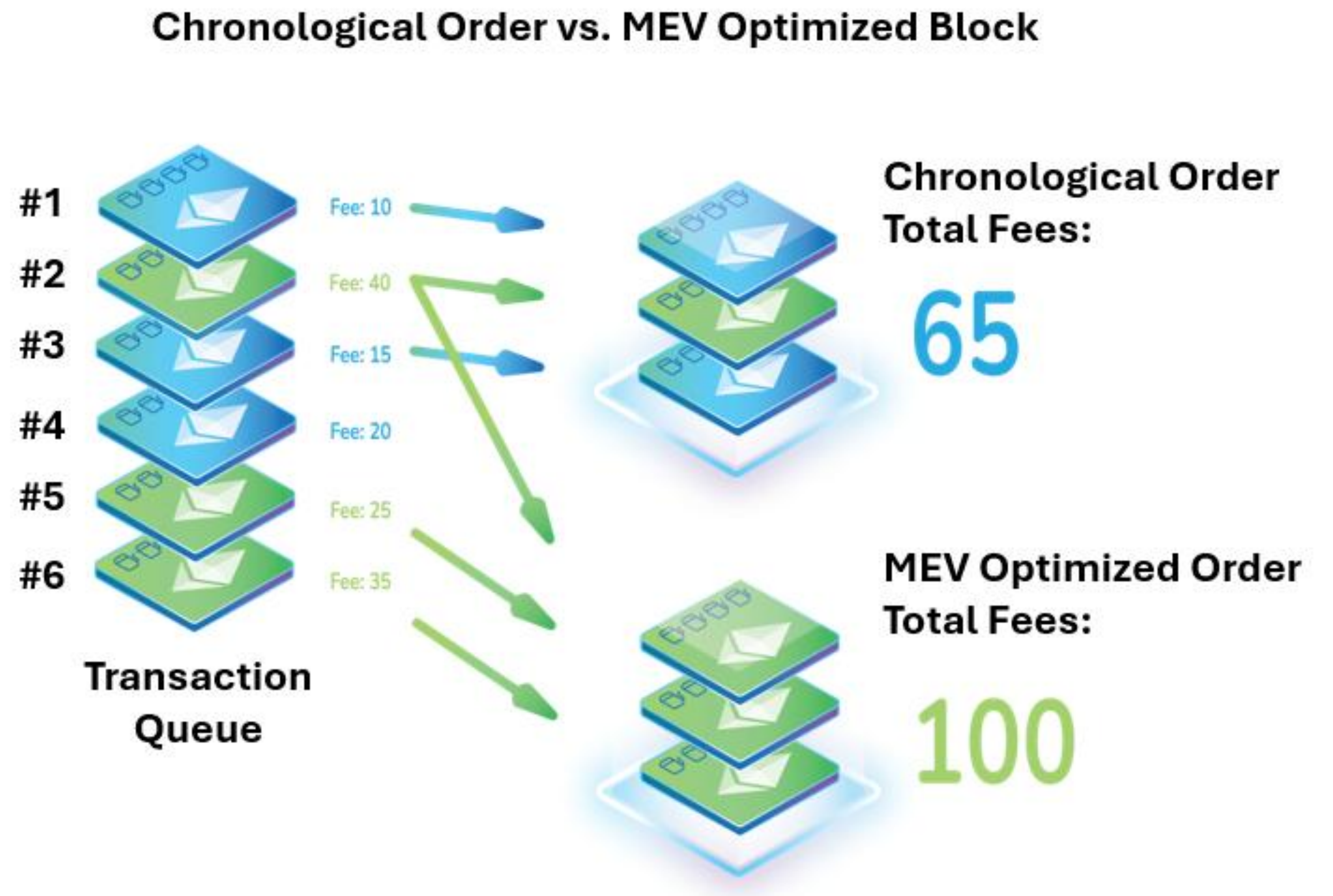
Builders and Block Construction

What is Builder+?

Builder+ is our Ethereum block builder, which utilizes advanced algorithms to meticulously construct optimized blocks for on-chain validation designed to maximize revenue (MEV).

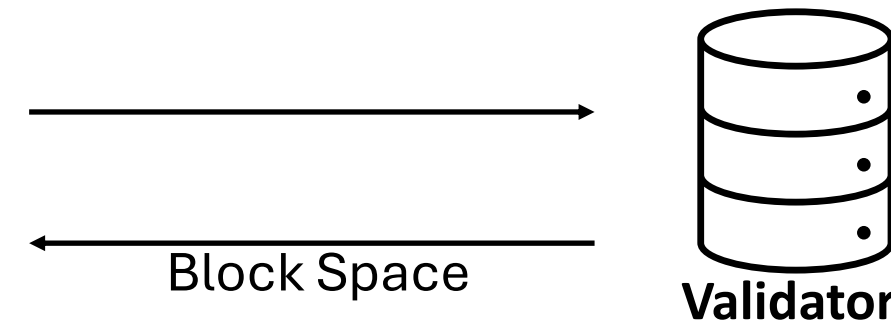
Builders monitor the Ethereum transaction queue (mempool) for pending transactions and transaction bundles and reorder them strategically to create an “optimized block” that contains transactions with the highest fees.

Builders pay a fee to purchase rights to block space from a validator and earn the transaction fees associated with the transactions in the selected block.



Block Building on Ethereum

\$ (Cost of Sales)

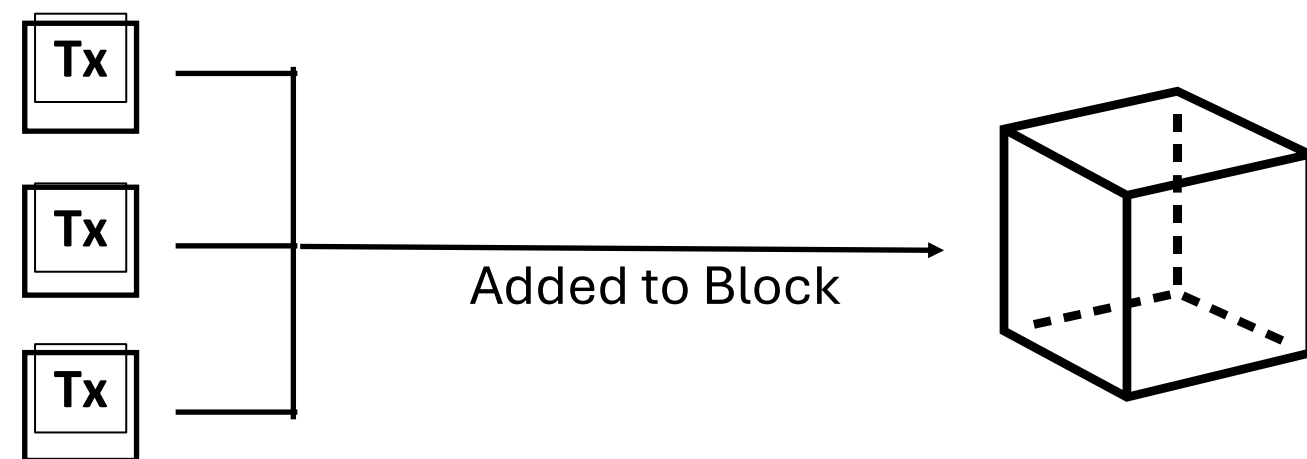


Acquire Block Space

- **Process:** Builder+ strategically participates in the Proposer-Builder Separation (PBS) auction system, bidding to secure the right to populate the next block in the chain from the current validator.
- **Objective:** Obtain block space at an optimal price to maximize revenue.

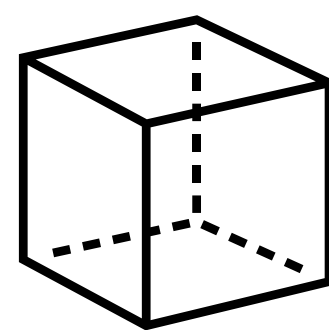
Construct Optimized Block

- **Process:** Builder+ leverages advanced algorithms to select and sequence compliant* transactions from the public mempool and private order flow.
- **Objective:** Construct blocks that maximize the gas fee values within each block while adhering to compliance standards, creating high-value, efficient blocks.



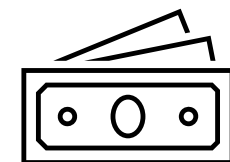
Collect Gas Fees as Revenue

- **Process:** Builder+ receives gas fees from transactions added to successfully proposed blocks.
- **Objective:** Capture scalable revenue from gas fees, directly supporting BTCS's growth through sustained MEV opportunities.

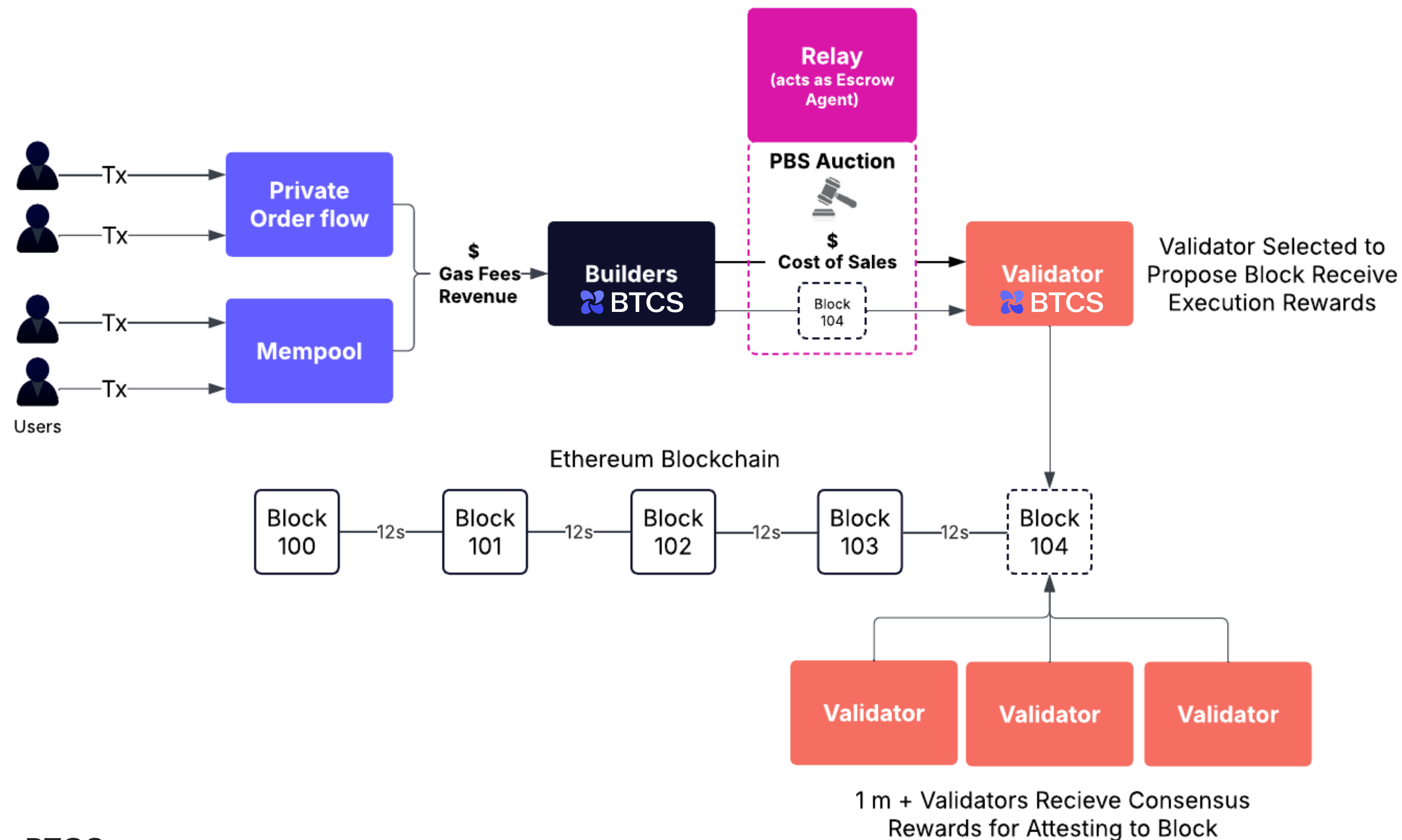


\$ (Revenue)

Gas Fees



Ethereum Transaction Process Flow



* BTCS does not include transactions with addresses on OFAC’s Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons list and certain other addresses



Blockchain Basics

Blockchains Explained

A blockchain ledger is a **distributed ledger** maintained by a network of computer nodes that validate transactions.

Traditional vs. Blockchain Systems

Distributed ledgers allow for ownership of assets to be recorded through a **publicly shared registry**, eliminating the need for **central authorities** to certify ownership and clear transactions.



Trust/consensus entrusted to **third-party intermediaries** (such as banks).



Trust / consensus is built into the Blockchain network and **secured by cryptography**.

How Blockchains Work



Transaction (payment, contract, record etc.) is broadcasted to **peer-to-peer network** of computers, also referred to as nodes or validators.



The network of validators uses a consensus algorithm to **validate the transaction**.



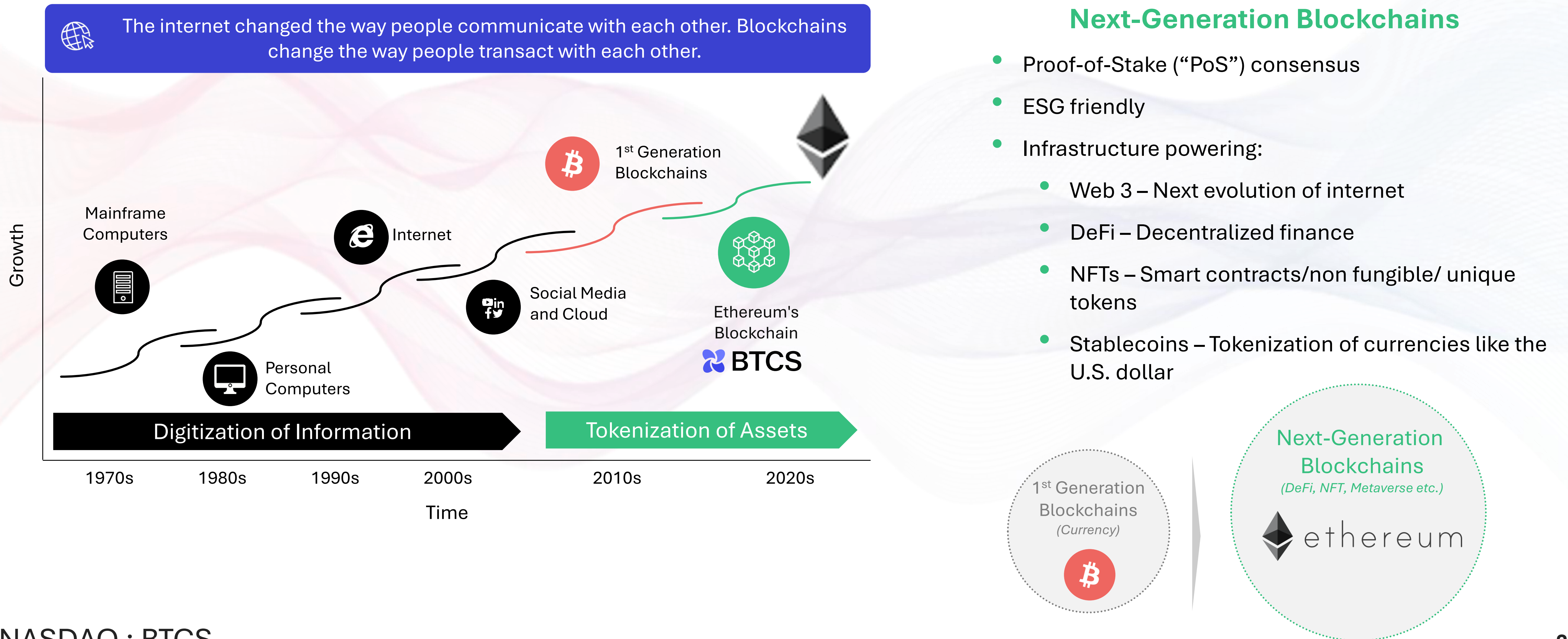
Once validated, the transaction is combined with other transactions to **create a new block** of data to be added to the ledger.



The new block is permanently added to the existing and **unalterable blockchain ledger**.

Blockchains Ushering in a New Era of Technology

The computer and internet age ushered in the **digitization** and **proliferation of information** on a global scale. Ethereum is ushering in an age of **real-world asset tokenization** and **transfer** without trusted intermediaries (banks, exchanges, etc.)



Next-Gen PoS Opportunity & Relative Comparison

Web 3 and transaction-based industries built on next-generation blockchain technologies represent a **multi-trillion market opportunity**.

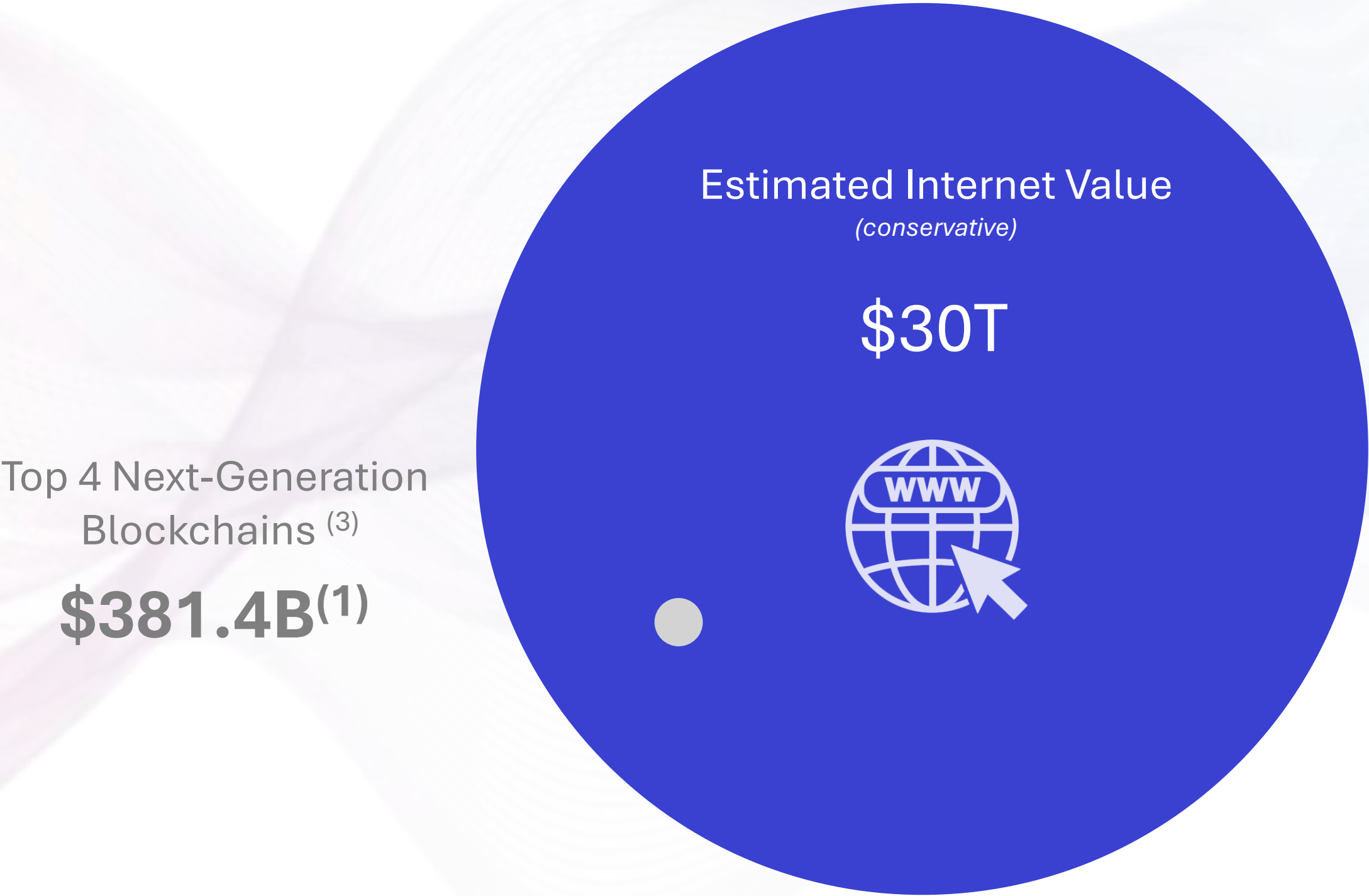
1st Generation Blockchains

Bitcoin and gold are **storers of value**.



Next-Generation Blockchains e.g. Ethereum

The internet’s future can be transformed by next-generation blockchains that serve as the backbone of crypto assets and ownership in **Web 3**.



Sources: (1) CoinMarketCap.com as 8/6/2026, (2) Market Capitalization of gold as of 8/6/2026 according to <https://companiesmarketcap.com/gold/marketcap/>, (3) Includes Ethereum, Solana, BNB, and Tron
The above was prepared by BTCS and reflects solely the opinion of BTCS and its management

Traditional vs Decentralized Finance Example

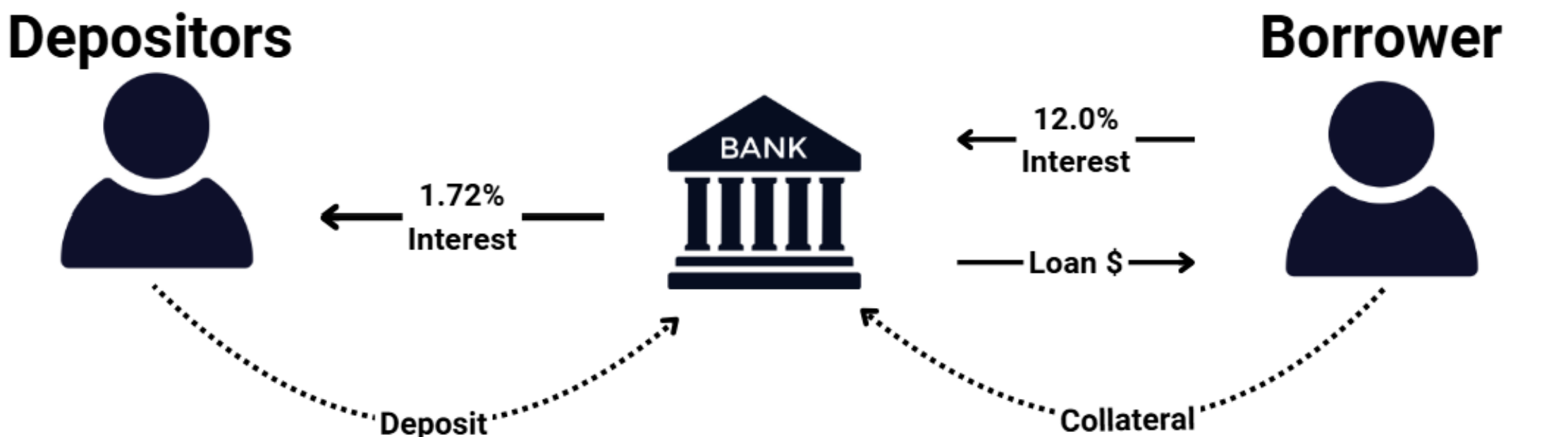
Decentralized Finance Built on Ethereum

Built on Ethereum, Aave and other DeFi protocols solve inefficiencies in traditional finance by enabling instant, permissionless lending and borrowing. By replacing brick and mortar intermediaries with smart contracts, they reduce costs, improve accessibility, and operate 24/7, eliminating delays, high fees, and restrictive banking hours.

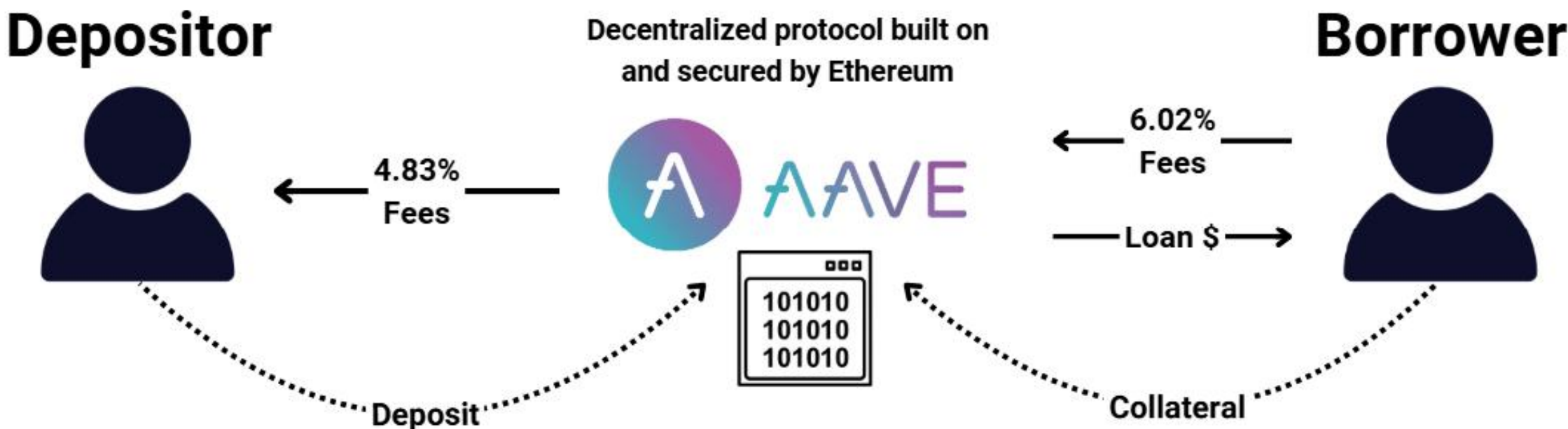
Category	AAVE	Bank
Deposit Rate	4.83% ⁽¹⁾	1.72% ⁽³⁾
Borrow Rate	6.02% ⁽²⁾	12.0% ⁽⁴⁾
Risk	Overcollateralized	Undercollateralized
Operating Hours	24/7, 365 days a year	9AM – 5PM Monday – Friday, closed often
Governance	Computers, Smart Contract Logic, no human error risk	Humans: Subject to error and influences (political, monetary, etc.)

1. USDT deposit rate on Aave according to <https://app.aave.com/> on November 9, 2025.
2. USDT borrow rate on Aave according to <https://app.aave.com/> on November 9, 2025.
3. Average High-Yield Savings Account Rate according to <https://www.experian.com/blogs/ask-experian/average-savings-account-rates/>
4. Revolving credit line rate (management estimate)

Traditional Finance



Decentralized Finance

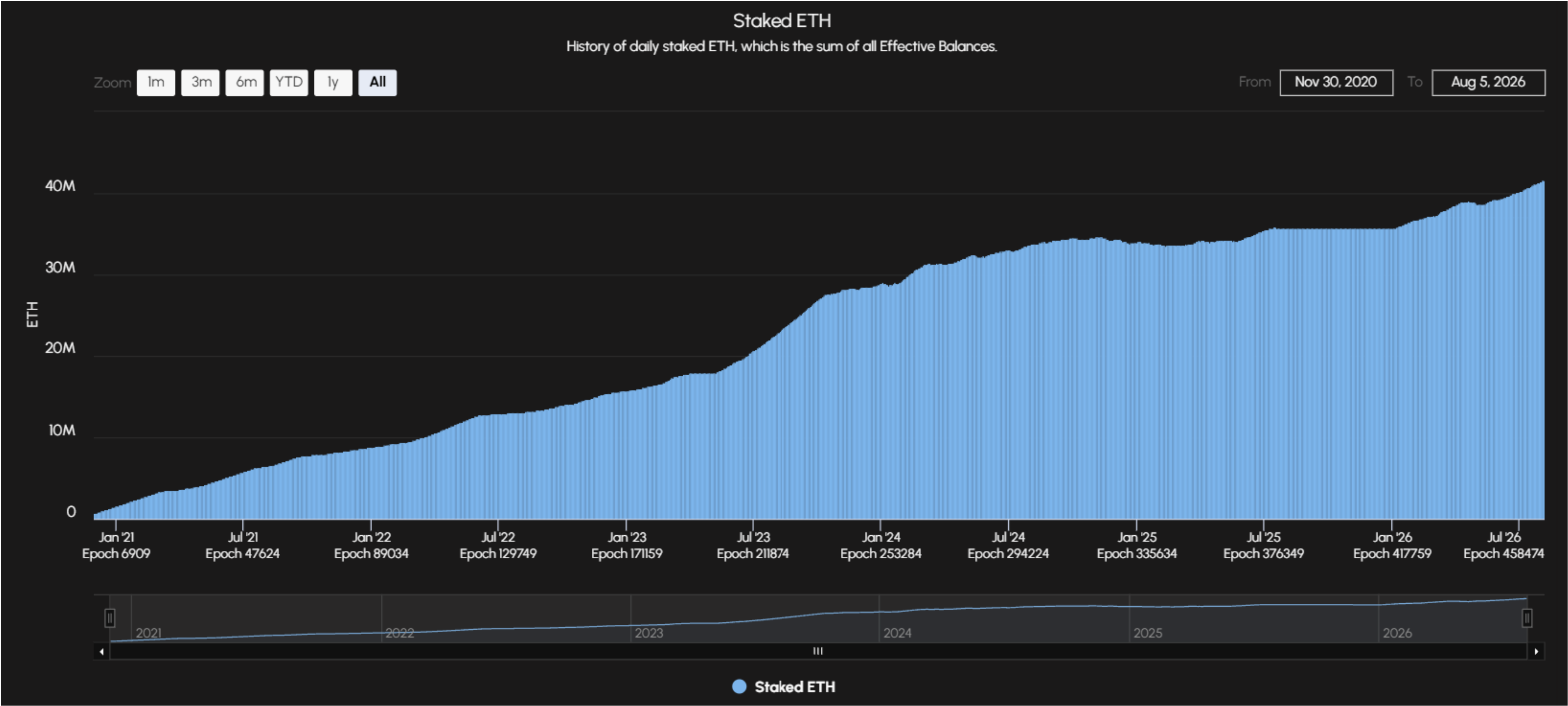




Ethereum By the Numbers

Ethereum Statistics

Ethereum (ETH) is the foundation of BTCS’s blockchain infrastructure strategy, with its unparalleled ecosystem and commitment to innovation aligning seamlessly with our vision for secure, scalable growth.



Ethereum Compared to Legacy Store of Value Assets

	ETH	BITCOIN	ART	GOLD	US TREASURY	STOCKS	REAL ESTATE
Portable	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗
Divisible	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✗
Durable	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
Scarce	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓
Yield Generating	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
Seizure Resistant	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Programmable	✓	Limited	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Market Size	<\$1T	\$1T+	\$2T+	\$20T+	\$25T+	\$100T+	\$300T+

ETH – Stablecoin Flywheel

The growth of the stablecoin economy sets up a powerful flywheel for Ethereum and ETH.

As more stablecoins are put to work on Ethereum, demand for ETH strengthens. A higher ETH value and more secure network attract more institutions and services, which fuels even greater stablecoin adoption.

